

**IN THE CLAIMS:**

1. (Currently Amended) A method for ~~treating~~ ameliorating or reducing the rate of ocular neovascularization in an ~~eye of an~~ individual afflicted with ocular neovascularization, comprising:

directly administering to the eye or eyes of said individual a viral vector that operably encodes and expresses a functionally active endostatin wherein said ~~expressed endostatin~~ administering ameliorates or reduces the rate of ocular neovascularization, and wherein said vector is selected from the group consisting of a lentiviral vector, an adeno-associated viral vector and an adenoviral vector.

2. (Previously Amended) The method of claim 1, wherein the endostatin is a polypeptide with the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:1.

3. (Previously Amended) The method of claim 1, wherein the endostatin is a functionally active polypeptide fragment of the polypeptide with the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:1, a functionally active derivative of the polypeptide with the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:1, or a functionally active variant of the polypeptide with the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:1.

4-6. (Canceled)

7. (Canceled) The method of claim 1, wherein the viral vector is selected from the group consisting of an adenovirus, an adeno-associated virus, a retrovirus, and a lentivirus.

8. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 7~~1~~, wherein the viral vector is ~~obtained from an adenovirus~~ adenoviral vector.

9-26. (Canceled)

27. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 1, wherein the endostatin-encoding nucleic acid has the sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:2.

28. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 1 wherein the ocular neovascularization is caused by a member selected from the group consisting of macular degeneration, histoplasmosis, pathological myopia, angioid streaks, anterior ischemic optic neuropathy, bacterial endocarditis, Best's disease, birdshot retinochoroidopathy, choroidal hemangioma, choroidal nevi, choroidal nonperfusion, choroidal osteomas, choroidal rupture, choroideremia, chronic retinal detachment, coloboma of the retina, Drusen, endogenous Candida endophthalmitis, extrapapillary hamartomas of the retinal pigmented epithelium, fundus flavimaculatus, idiopathic, macular hole, malignant melanoma, membranoproliferative glomerulonephritis (type II), metallic intraocular foreign body, morning glory disc syndrome, multiple evanescent white-dot syndrome (MEWDS), neovascularization at ora serrata, operating microscope

burn, optic nerve head pits, photocoagulation, punctuate inner choroidopathy, rubella, sarcoidosis, serpiginous or geographic choroiditis, subretinal fluid drainage, tilted disc syndrome, Taxoplasma retinochoroiditis, tuberculosis, Vogt-Koyanagi-Harada syndrome, diabetic retinopathy, non-diabetic retinopathy, branch vein occlusion, central retinal vein occlusion, retinopathy in premature infants, rubeosis iridis, neovascular glaucoma, periofoveal telangiectasis, sickle cell retinopathy, Eale's disease, retinal vasculitis, Von Hippel Linau disease, radiation retinopathy, retinal cryoinjury, retinitis pigmentosa, retinochoroidal coloboma, corneal neovascularization due to herpes simplex keratitis, corneal ulcers, keratoplasty, pterigya, and trauma.

29. (Previously Amended) The method according to claim 1, wherein the ocular neovascularization is choroidal neovascularization.

30. (Previously Amended) The method according to claim 1, wherein the viral vector is administered intraocularly.

31. (Previously Amended) The method according to claim 1, wherein the viral vector is administered subretinally.

32. (Previously Amended) The method according to claim 1, wherein the viral vector is administered intravitreally.

33. (Currently Amended) The method according to claim 71, wherein the viral vector is ~~obtained from a lentivirus~~ lentiviral vector.

34-37. (Canceled)

38. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 33, wherein the lentiviral vector is ~~obtained from a bovine immunodeficiency virus~~ viral vector.

39. (Original) The method of claim 38, wherein the bovine immunodeficiency viral vector is administered intraocularly.

40. (Previously Amended) The method of claim 38, wherein the bovine immunodeficiency viral vector is administered subretinally.

41. (Previously Amended) The method of claim 38, wherein the bovine immunodeficiency viral vector is administered intravitreally.

42. (Canceled)

43. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 71, wherein said viral vector is ~~obtained from an adeno-associated virus~~ viral vector.

44. (Canceled) The method of claim 7, wherein said viral vector is obtained from a retrovirus.

45. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein said ocular neovascularization is retinal neovascularization.

46. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein said ocular neovascularization is corneal neovascularization.

47. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein said ocular neovascularization is iris neovascularization.

48. (Original) The method of claim 33, wherein the lentiviral vector is administered intraocularly.

49. (Original) The method of claim 33, wherein the lentiviral vector is administered subretinally.

50. (Original) The method of claim 33, wherein the lentiviral vector is administered intravitreally.